KETTLESHULME ST JAMES CE (VA) PRIMARY SCHOOL

SUPPORTING PUPILS WITH MEDICAL CONDITIONS

Spring 2024

Review Date: Spring 2026

<u>Statutory Policy – FBG</u>

Introduction

The Children and Families Act 2014 includes a duty for schools to support children with medical conditions. Where children have a disability, the requirements of the Equality Act 2010 will also apply. Where children have an identified special need, the SEND Code of Practice will also apply.

All children have a right to access the full curriculum, adapted to their medical needs and to receive the on-going support, medicines or care that they require at school to help them manage their condition and keep them well. We recognise that medical conditions may impact social and emotional development as well as having educational implications. Our school will build relationships with healthcare professional and other agencies in order to support effectively pupils with medical conditions.

Roles and Responsibilities

At Kettleshulme St James the Headteacher is responsible for children with medical conditions.

This assigned person is responsible for:

- Informing relevant staff of medical conditions
- Arranging training for identified staff
- Ensuring that staff are aware of the need to communicate necessary information about medical conditions to supply staff and where appropriate, taking the lead in communicating this information
- Assisting with risk assessment for school visits and other activities outside of the normal timetable
- Developing, monitoring and reviewing Individual Healthcare Plans
- Working together with parents, pupils, healthcare professional and other agencies

The Governing Body is responsible for:

• Determining the school's general policy and ensuring that arrangements are in place to support children with medical conditions

The Headteacher is responsible for

- Overseeing the management and provision of support for children with medical conditions
- Ensuring that sufficient trained numbers of staff are available to implement the policy and deliver Individual Healthcare Plans, including to cover absence and staff turnover
- Ensuring that school staff are appropriately insured and are aware that they are insured.

Teacher and Support Staff are responsible for

- The day to day management of the medical conditions of children they work with, in line with training received
- Working with the named person, ensuring that risk assessments are carried out for school visits and other activities outside of the normal timetable
- Providing information about medical conditions to supply staff who will be covering their role where the need for supply staff is known in advance

The nursing team are responsible for:

- Notifying the school when a child has been identified as having a medical condition which will require support in school. Wherever possible this should be done before the child starts at our school
- Providing support for staff on implementing a child's Individual Healthcare Plan and providing advice, including with regard to training

Procedure when Notification is received that a Pupil has a Medical Condition

- The named person will liaise with relevant individuals, including as appropriate parents, the individual pupil, health professionals and other agencies to decide on the support to be provided to the child
- Where appropriate, an Individual Healthcare Plan will be drawn up

Individual Healthcare Plans (IHCP)

- An Individual Healthcare Plan will be written for pupils with a medical condition that is long term and complex
- It will clarify what needs to be done, when and by whom and include information about the child's condition, special requirements, medicines require, what constitutes an emergency and action to take in the case of an emergency
- Where a child has SEND but does not have an EHC plan, their special educational needs will be mentioned in the Individual Healthcare Plan
- Individual Healthcare Plans will be reviewed annually or earlier if evidence is provided that a child's needs have changed

Administering Medicines

- Written consent from parents must be received before administering any medicine to a child at school
- Medicines will only be accepted for administration if they are:
 - Prescribed
 - o In date
 - Labelled
 - Provided in the original container as dispensed by a pharmacist and include instructions for administration, dosage and storage
 - The exception to this is insulin which must be in date but will generally be available inside an insulin pen or pump, rather than in its original container
- Medicines should be stored safely. Children should know where their medicines are at all times
- Written records will be kept of all medicines administered to children
- Pupils who are competent to manage their own health needs and medicines, after discussion with parents/carers will be allowed to carry their own medicines and relative devices or will be allowed to access their medicines for self-medication

Action in Emergencies

A copy of this information will be displayed in the school office

- Request an ambulance dial 999 and be ready with the information below.
 Speak slowly and clearly and be ready to repeat information if asked
- The school's telephone number
 - Your name
 - Your location (address)
 - o Provide the exact location of the patient within the school
 - o Provide the name of the child and a brief description of their symptoms
 - Inform ambulance control of the best entrance to use and state that the crew will be met and taken to the patient
- Ask available staff to open relevant gates for entry
- Phone the parents to inform them of the situation
- A member of staff should stay with the pupil until the parent/carer arrives. If a
 parent/carer does not arrive before the pupil is transported to hospital, a
 member of staff should accompany the child in the ambulance

Activities beyond the usual Curriculum

- Reasonable adjustments will be made to enable pupils with medical needs to participate fully and safely in day trips, residential visits, sporting activities and other activities beyond the usual curriculum
- When carrying our risk assessments, parents/carers, pupils and healthcare professional will be consulted where appropriate

Unacceptable Practice

The following items are not acceptable practice with regard to children with medical conditions, although the school will use discretion to respond to each individual case in the most appropriate manner

- Preventing children from easily accessing their inhalers and medication and administering their medication when and where necessary
- Assuming that every child with the same condition requires the same treatment
- Ignore the views of the child or their parents; or ignore medical evidence or opinion
- Sending children with medical conditions home frequently or preventing them from staying for normal school activities, including lunch, unless this is specified in their Individual Healthcare Plan
- If the child becomes ill, sending them to the school office unaccompanied or with someone unsuitable
- Penalising children for their attendance record if their absences are related to their medical condition e.g. hospital appointments
- Preventing pupils from drinking, eating or taking toilet or other breaks whenever they need to in order to manage their medical condition effectively
- Requiring parents, or otherwise making them feel obliged, to attend school to administer medication or provide medical support to their child, including toileting issues
- Preventing children from participating, or create unnecessary barriers to children participating in any aspect of school life, including school trips, e.g. by requiring parents to accompany the child

Complaints

- An individual wishing to make a complaint about actions regarding the school's
 actions in supporting a child with a medical condition should discuss with a
 member of the Senior Leadership Team in the first instance.
- If the issue is not resolved, then a formal complaint may be made, following the complaints procedure as set out in the school's Complaints Policy.

Equality Impact Statement

We shall do this through regular monitoring and evaluation of our policies. On review we shall assess and consult relevant stakeholders on the likely impact of our policies on the promotion of all aspects of equality, as laid down in the Equality Act (2010). This will include, but not necessarily be limited to, race, gender, sexual orientation, disability, ethnicity, religion, cultural beliefs and pregnancy/maternity. We will use an appropriate Equality Impact Assessment to monitor the impact of all our policies and the policy may be amended as a result of this assessment.

Process for Developing Individual Healthcare Plans

- Parent or healthcare professional informs school that child has been newly diagnosed, or is due to attend a new school, or is due to return to school after a long- term absence, or that needs have changed.
- Headteacher or senior member of school staff to whom his has been delegated, co- ordinates meeting to discuss child's medical support need, and identifies member of school staff who will provide support to pupil
- Meeting held to discuss and agree on need for Individual Healthcare Plan. Key school staff, child, parent, relevant healthcare professional and other medical/health clinician as appropriate (or to consider written evidence provided by them) to be in attendance.
- Develop Individual Healthcare Plan in partnership and agree who leads on writing it. Input from healthcare professional must be provided
- School staff training needs to be identified
- Healthcare professional commissions/delivers training and staff signed off as competent – review date agreed
- Individual Healthcare Plan implemented and circulated to all relevant staff
- Individual Healthcare Plan reviewed annually or when condition changes. Parent to contact healthcare professional to initiate